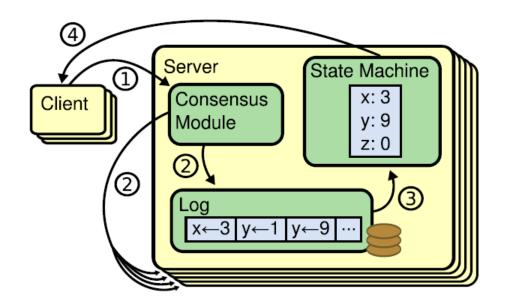
# Infrastructure Technologies for Large-Scale Service-Oriented Systems

Kostas Magoutis magoutis@cse.uoi.gr http://www.cse.uoi.gr/~magoutis

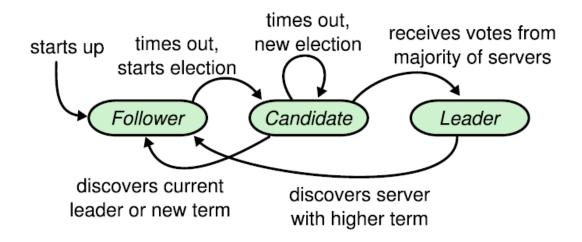
#### Raft

- Consensus algorithm for log replication
- Easier to understand compared to Multi-Paxos

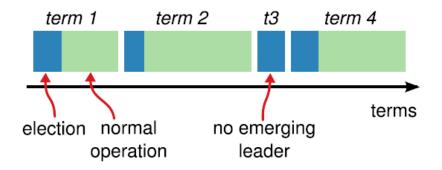
## Replicated state machine architecture



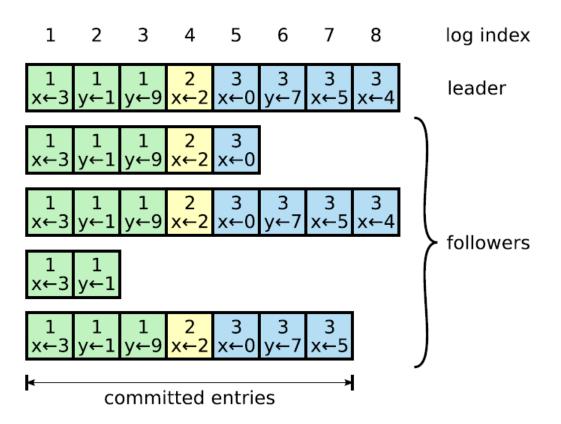
#### Server states



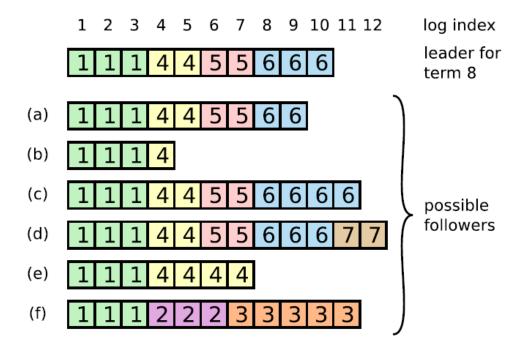
# Terms (epochs)



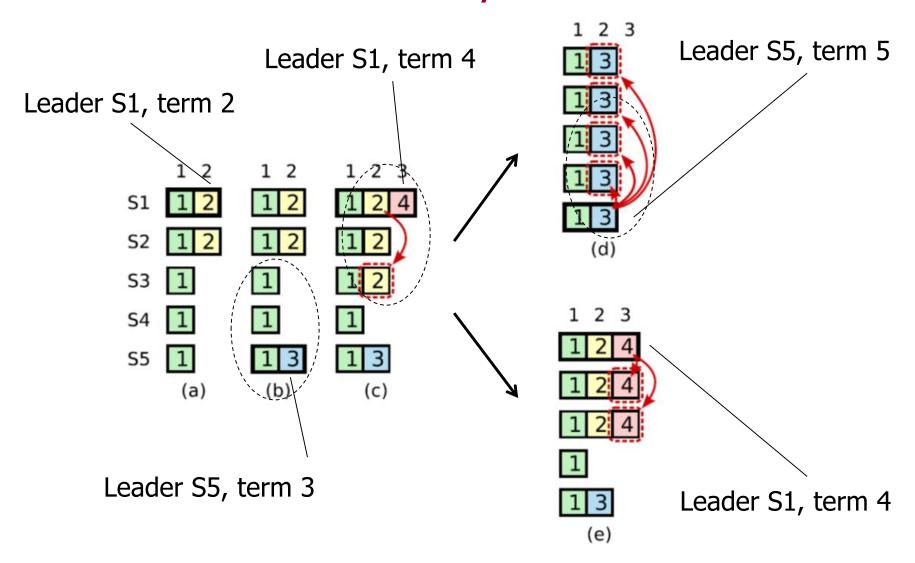
## Log entries



#### Possible states of followers



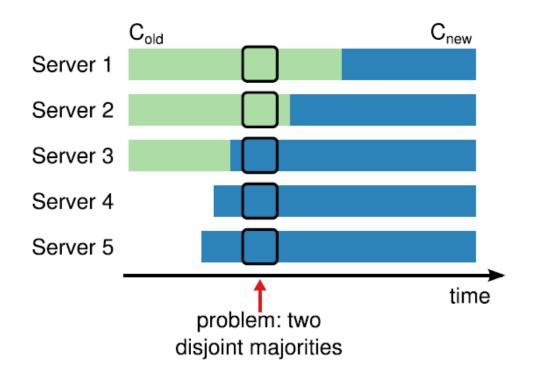
### When is an entry committed?



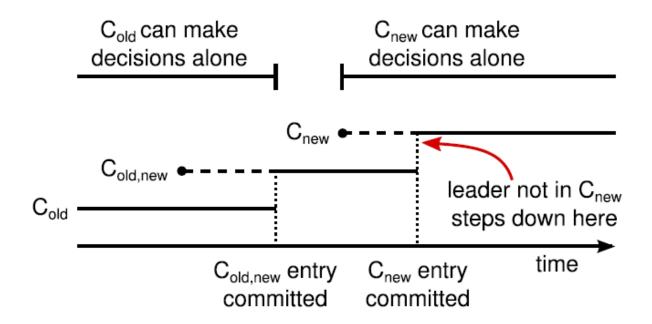
## **Properties**

- Election Safety: at most one leader can be elected in a given term. §5.2
- **Leader Append-Only:** a leader never overwrites or deletes entries in its log; it only appends new entries. §5.3
- **Log Matching:** if two logs contain an entry with the same index and term, then the logs are identical in all entries up through the given index. §5.3
- **Leader Completeness:** if a log entry is committed in a given term, then that entry will be present in the logs of the leaders for all higher-numbered terms. §5.4
- State Machine Safety: if a server has applied a log entry at a given index to its state machine, no other server will ever apply a different log entry for the same index. §5.4.3

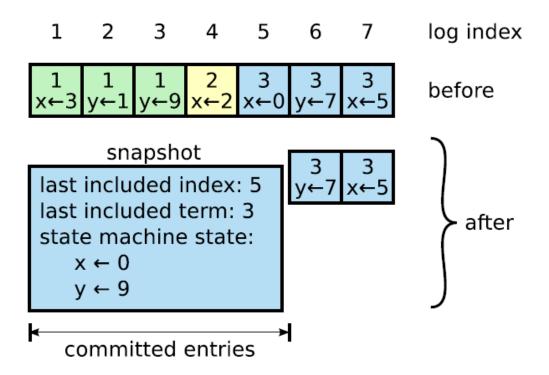
# Reconfiguration



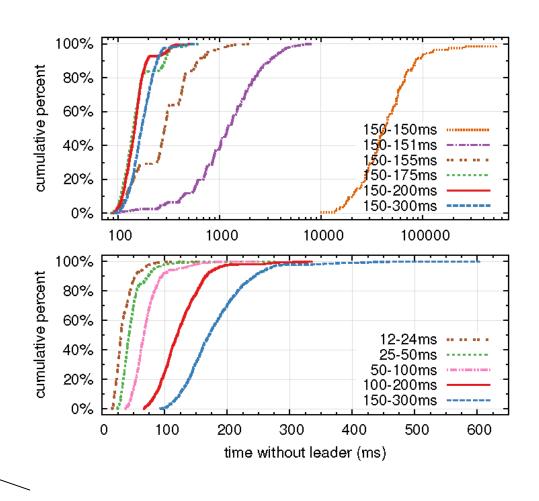
#### Joint consensus



## Log compaction - snapshots



## Time to detect and replace crashed leader



Timing requirement

 $broadcastTime \ll electionTimeout \ll MTBF$